
STATE OF ALASKA

ALASKA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

GOAL PROGRAM

(Greater Opportunities for Affordable Living Program)

RATING AND AWARD CRITERIA PLAN

(Qualified Allocation Plan)

Version June 29, 2022

Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC)

HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME)

Senior Citizens Housing Development Fund (SCHDF)

National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF)

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PURPOSE

The rating and award criteria outlined herein has been prepared by the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation (AHFC) to establish the criteria which will be used to award Greater Opportunities for Affordable Living (GOAL) Program funds. This program contains four **primary** funding sources:

1. Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC),
2. Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) funds,
3. Senior Citizen's Housing Development Fund (SCHDF)*

*Additional capital development funds available for senior housing development, provided by AHFC's funding partners, will be synonymously treated as SCHDF requests for the purpose of this Qualified Allocation Plan.

4. National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF).**

**In years where a sub-grant is awarded to the Municipality of Anchorage from AHFC, NHTF awards made through the GOAL program will only be issued to proposals located outside of the Municipality of Anchorage.

5. Other sources that may become available through new programs or partner investments.

The rating and award criteria established herein, also referred to as the Qualified Allocation Plan (QAP), complies with the requirements of Title 26, U.S.C. Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Service Code, as amended ("Section 42").

OVERVIEW

AHFC's policy is to encourage the responsible development of housing for seniors, lower-income persons and families through the allocation of GOAL program funds. **A separate policy and procedures manual for the GOAL program is available from AHFC.** (See www.ahfc.us).

Additionally, AHFC's policy is to minimize any adverse impact on existing residents of buildings that will be acquired or rehabilitated with GOAL program funds. Where relocation of existing residents will occur as the result of GOAL program funding, **a relocation assistance plan will be required from all applicants.**

In determining the appropriate amount of GOAL program funds to be awarded, AHFC will consider the sources and availability of other funds, the reasonableness of development and operating costs, anticipated project operating revenue, and the expected proceeds from the sale of LIHTCs (if applicable).

Fair Housing and Civil Rights Statement

It is a requirement of receipt of any funding under the GOAL program that any owner/developer/borrower and any of its employees, agents or sub-contractors understands and agrees that it is the total responsibility of the owner to adhere to and comply with all Federal Civil Rights legislation inclusive of the Fair Housing Laws, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Americans with Disabilities Act as well as any state or local Civil Rights legislation along with any required related codes and Laws. Should AHFC not specify any requirements, such as design, it is none the less the owner's responsibility to be aware of and comply with all non-discrimination provisions relating to race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status, national origin and any other classes protected in Alaska. This includes design requirements for construction and rehabilitation, Equal Opportunity in regard to marketing and tenant selection (affirmative marketing procedures), and reasonable accommodation and modification for those tenants covered under the law.

Definitions

“Accessible unit” – a unit or property that is in compliance with the design requirements for all multi-family properties covered under the Fair Housing Act Amendments of 1989. Generally refers to the egress into a unit and the ability of a person in a wheelchair to maneuver within the unit.

“Community revitalization plan” – a local comprehensive planning document that specifically includes community revitalization as a priority or defines community revitalization efforts that are consistent with that comprehensive document. If no comprehensive planning document is prepared in a community, then a letter from the chief executive officer of the local government attesting to a proposed housing project’s role in achieving community revitalization will substitute. If the applicant asserts the project is part of a community revitalization effort, the applicant must show how the project moves the market towards market stability and health.

“Development Consultant” – A person or entity that otherwise performs the functions of a developer, but does not share a substantial risk in the project development. Substantial risk in the project development typically includes such items as: serving as a guarantor for construction financing, advancing funds for soft costs (i.e. market studies, etc.), and recognizing development fees are a “contingency of last resort” to maintain project viability.

“Difficult to Develop Area (DDA)” – a federally designated high cost area that enables an LIHTC project to qualify for a 130% basis boost.

“Discretionary Basis Boost” – Authorized under the Housing and Economic Recovery Act (HERA) of 2008, LIHTC projects not already in DDAs or QCTs may qualify for a 130% basis boost if designated by the State housing credit agency as in need of the basis boost to ensure financial feasibility (see Section 42(d)(5)(B)(v) of the I.R.C.).

“Equipped unit” - all the requirements of an accessible unit have been satisfied plus the unit is equipped with grab bars, roll-under counters, bathrooms with roll-in or seated shower stalls or tubs, and other applicable equipment for persons with hearing or vision disabilities. Equipped units must comply with the design requirements noted in Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973’s Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS), regardless of whether or not Section 504 requirements are triggered by the funding source(s).

“Extremely-low income” – families at or below 30% of the area median income adjusted for family size.

“GOAL (Greater Opportunities for Affordable Living)” - a term used to describe the four funding programs (Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs), Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) funds, National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF) and the Senior Citizens Housing Development Fund (SCHDF) that have been combined into one application process.

“HOME (Home Investment Partnerships Program)” – a program of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) which provides grant funds administered by AHFC for the development of affordable low-income housing.

"Homeless" - Is defined in AS 18.56.090(f) means the state of an individual who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, and includes an individual who:

- a) Is sharing the housing of other individuals because of loss of housing, economic hardship, domestic violence, or a similar reason;
- b) Is living in a motel, hotel, trailer park, or camping ground because of the lack of alternative adequate accommodations;
- c) Is living in an emergency or transitional shelter;
- d) Is abandoned in a hospital;
- e) Is waiting for a foster care placement;
- f) Has a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- g) Is living in a car, a park, a public space, an abandoned building, substandard housing, a bus or train station, or a similar setting;
- h) Is fleeing a domestic violence situation, does not have an alternative residence, and lacks the resources and support needed to obtain housing;
- i) Is being evicted within a week, does not have an alternative residence, and lacks the resources and support needed to obtain housing;
- j) Is being discharged within a week from an institution, including a mental health treatment facility, substance abuse treatment facility, or prison, in which the individual has been a resident for more than 30 consecutive days, does not have an alternative residence, and lacks the resources and support needed to obtain housing.

“Leverage” – Sources of funds outside of the GOAL program used for project development. For the purpose of this QAP, leverage includes contributions such as: debt instruments, donated labor “sweat equity”, foregone taxes, donated land and / or building(s). To be considered leverage, sources and uses must balance. For example, if a \$300,000 parcel of land is entirely donated to the project, there must be a line item in the cost section of the development budget under land purchase for \$300,000, and an offsetting source line indicating \$300,000 in donated land.

“Low income” – families at or below 60% of the area median income adjusted for family size.

“Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC)” – a program of the Internal Revenue Service administrated by AHFC which provides federal tax credits to owners of low-moderate income affordable housing.

“National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF)” - an affordable housing production program that complements existing Federal, state and local efforts by providing funds to increase the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low-income households, including homeless families.

“Operating reserve” – an amount of money included as part of the development budget to be used as a cushion against unforeseen changes in operating expenses and income for a project in future years.

“Qualified Census Tract” – a federally designated area that has a relatively high cost of housing development relative to the income of the residents. Enables a LIHTC project located in this area to receive a 130% basis boost.

“Rental Development Analysis Workbook (aka GOAL Application Workbook)” - An electronic application tool used by AHFC to evaluate project proposals which illustrates:

- 1) all of the costs associated with the development of a project,
- 2) the sources of funds, and subsidy limits, that may be used to pay for the development,
- 3) the operating expenses (utilities, taxes, insurance, etc.) associated with managing and maintaining a rental property,
- 4) the anticipated revenue to be obtained from the property,

- 5) the capacity of the project to support debt instruments,
- 6) the project's performance throughout time under various assumptions,
- 7) additional factors as deemed relevant by AHFC.

“Replacement reserve” – also known as a reserve for capital replacement. An amount of money used to pay for major capital expenses that occur during the life of the project, such as boiler replacement, roof repairs, appliance replacement, etc.

“Small community” – defined under state statute as a community with a population of 6,500 or less that is not connected by road or rail to Anchorage or Fairbanks, or with a population of 1,600 or less that is connected by road or rail to Anchorage or Fairbanks and at least fifty (50) statute miles outside of Anchorage or twenty-five (25) statute miles outside of Fairbanks. In this definition, connected by road does not include a connection by the Alaska Marine Highway System.

“Residential Unit” – a proposed dwelling unit that will be available for rental. Where manager's units are proposed that will be income restricted, such manager's units will qualify as Residential Units; however, where manager's units will not be income restricted, such units will not qualify as Residential Units for the purposes of this Qualified Allocation Plan.

“Schedule of Real Estate Owned (SREO)” – is a detailed statement of operations for a developer or property manager's residential rental property portfolio as defined in the pre-application instructions.

“Senior Citizen's Housing Development Fund (SCHDF)” – An AHFC funded program approved in annual appropriations by the Alaska State Legislature. Program funds may only be granted to not-for-profit organizations for senior housing that meets the state definition of “senior household.”

“Special Needs Populations” – defined as households with persons with mental or physical disabilities, the homeless, and persons earning less than 30% of the median income for their area.

“Senior Citizen” – households must meet the definition established in the Fair Housing Act Amendments of 1989.

“Substantive Social Services” – Services provided to future households in proposed developments that are locked in through fully executed agreements by the anticipated project owner and the service provider. There must be evidence of delivery for Substantive Social Services involving person-to-person contact, beyond a simple referral system, and where appropriate, identified funding for provision of the Social Services.

“Third-party” - means a person or organization which is not related to the sponsor of the application or the project developer.

“U.S. Department of Agriculture- RD Section 515 program” – a federal program for low-income rental housing which provides low-interest financing and rental assistance to private for-profit or not-for-profit owners/developers.

“Very-low income” – families at or below 50% of the area median income adjusted for family size.

QAP CONSIDERATIONS:

Federal QAP Characteristic Factors:

26 U.S.C. Section 42 requires that AHFC consider the following project characteristics when selecting applications that receive LIHTCs:

- Housing Needs Characteristics;
- Sponsor Characteristics;
- Project Characteristics, including whether the project includes the use of existing housing as a part of a community revitalization plan;
- Tenant populations of households with children;
- Targeting of Individuals on Public Housing Waiting Lists;
- Targeting of Populations with Special Housing Needs;
- Project Location;
- Projects intended for eventual tenant ownership;
- The energy efficiency of the project;
- The historic character of the project.

Federal QAP Preference:

26 U.S.C. Section 42 (IRS Code) also establishes the following preferences for the LIHTC program:

- Projects that serve the lowest income tenants;
- Projects that are obligated to serve qualified tenants for the longest period of time.
- Projects that are located in a qualified census tract (as defined in subsection 42 (d)(5)(C)) and the development of which contributes to a concerted community revitalization plan.

These preferences and characteristics are consistent with AHFC's corporate mission and the State of Alaska's Housing and Community Development Plan (HCD Plan). They are incorporated as part of the entire GOAL program, including: LIHTC, HOME, SCHDF and the NHTF.

AHFC will award points in the rating process to projects that commit to meeting these objectives.

State of Alaska Priorities:

State of Alaska priorities include projects that:

- Meet specific market criteria, as defined by AHFC;
- Are developed by applicants/sponsors who demonstrate the greatest capability to carry out the project;
- Maximize the use of GOAL program funds by having only the amount of subsidy necessary, over and above the amount of debt that can be supported, to make the project financially feasible (from both a developmental and operational viewpoint);
- Leverage GOAL program funds with other funding sources, including those which qualify as "match" under 24 CFR part 92 of the HUD regulations;
- Maximize the energy efficiency of the project
- Address the highest need in the local rental market for housing;
- Target "special needs populations" (i.e. persons who experience mental or physical disabilities, homeless persons, and families whose income does not exceed 30% of the area median income, adjusted for household size);
- Include larger units (i.e., greater number of bedrooms) for families;

- Are located in “small communities”, as defined by AHFC;
- Provide meaningful training and employment opportunities for Alaskans.

AHFC will award points in the rating process to projects that address these priorities.

SET-ASIDES

The award of LIHTC program funds is subject to the following set-asides:

1. Tax-Exempt Organizations:

There will be a set-aside of 10% of the available low income housing tax credit annual funding reserved for projects sponsored by eligible 501(c) (3) tax-exempt organizations who have as one of their tax-exempt purposes, the provision of low-income housing. This set-aside is mandated under 26 U.S.C. Section 42(i) (5), the Internal Revenue Service Code. If no projects qualify for this 10% set-aside, this amount will either be carried forward into the following year or returned to the national pool.

2. Other Purposes:

AHFC, at its discretion, may use the annual state tax credit cap and/or other program resources as deemed appropriate, or portion thereof, to engage in demonstration projects that fulfill the mission of AHFC and are consistent with this qualified allocation plan and the requirements of 26 U.S.C. Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Service Code.

THRESHOLD REQUIREMENTS

To be considered for GOAL Program funding **all project proposals** must meet the following **minimum requirements:**

1. No supplemental funding request while prior year(s) awards are tied up in a project. This threshold will apply if a previously funded project encounters a funding gap beyond the amount identified in a prior award review for feasibility and can no longer proceed with the equity available. In such cases, the applicant will be required to return all previously awarded funds to the GOAL program. The applicant will then be eligible to apply for the entire amount of funding necessary to result in a feasible project.

2. All new construction projects must be in compliance with 15 AAC 154.090 construction and thermal standards.
3. No T1-11, board and batten, or similar type of wood siding may be used on any exterior wall surfaces.
4. All low-income housing tax credit project proposals must have a completed and comprehensive Market Study documenting the demand and need for the proposed units. Non-LIHTC projects will be required to demonstrate need for the proposed development either through a Market Study or an alternative form of demonstrated demand and need approved by AHFC.
5. The project must demonstrate acceptable community support which must be evidenced by written letters of support from the local government, community council(s), etc.
6. All new construction projects with 5 or more units must provide a minimum of 5% of the total unit count (fractional units rounded up), specifically equipped for persons with physical disabilities. All projects with 5 or more units must provide a minimum of 2% of the total unit count (fractional units rounded up), equipped for persons with sensory impairments. Separate units must satisfy these threshold conditions. Consequently, in a six-unit project at least one unit will need to be equipped for physical disabilities and a separate unit will also need to be equipped for persons with sensory impairments.
7. For all projects with 20 or more units, 5% of total units (fractional units round down) must be set aside for a “special needs” population that is not required to be served as a condition of the funding source requested. Special needs populations for this section are defined as: households with persons with mental or physical disabilities, the homeless, and persons earning less than 30% of the median income for their area. Note: Projects exclusively requesting SCHDF program funds may not satisfy this requirement by targeting persons earning 30% of the median income.
8. Units must be constructed or rehabilitated to the applicable standard as required by the specific program under which funds are requested and must meet the requirements of the funding program and any of the following applicable laws:

- a. Americans with Disabilities Act
 - b. U.S. Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1989
 - c. Alaska Statute AS 18.80.240
 - d. Local Government Ordinances
 - e. Proposals funded through the NHTF are limited to new construction. No acquisition and / or renovation of properties will be funded through NHTF awards made through the GOAL program.
9. The application package must include the following material and all other materials required under the annual notice of funding availability, unless otherwise approved in writing by AHFC:
- a. Completed application forms and all applicable certifications;
 - b. Submission of all required application material;
 - c. Payment of all applicable application fees and/or reimbursements due to AHFC;
 - d. Sufficient data, in AHFC's opinion, to determine the financial feasibility and long-term viability of the project.
 - e. Sufficient data & certifications, in AHFC's opinion, to determine that the applicant and project are eligible to receive the GOAL program funding source requested.
 - f. Applicant is considered to be a "responsible bidder."
10. Reasonableness of the project's development and operational data will be assessed based on the extent that application materials, and project performance data available to AHFC, support the project's developmental and operational numbers provided in the Rental Development Analysis Workbook. Key points that AHFC will look for in the application materials to make this assessment will include:
- a. Are cost estimates supported by a credible third-party bid(s) and/or estimate(s)? Examples include bids and/or cost estimates supplied by an architect, appraiser, materials supplier, etc.
 - b. Is third-party support for the project's anticipated rents, vacancy rate, and operating expenses included?
 - c. Does the third party support comport with data available to AHFC regarding the achievable rents, occupancy rates and operating expenses for the community and / or building type?

- d. Each applicant must submit a Schedule of Real Estate Owned (SREO) within two (2) weeks of receiving their pre-application decision letter. The schedule must be completed using form(s) provided by AHFC and is to include all LIHTC, HOME, SCHDF, and NHTF properties in Alaska built or acquired and rehabilitated with a placed in service date no earlier than fifteen years before the current funding year. If an applicant has not developed any affordable housing projects in Alaska they must provide a list of all projects in their portfolio. If six or fewer properties are available for the SREO, properties managed by the project's proposed property manager may also be considered for the SREO.

The purpose of the schedule is to provide AHFC with the previous two calendar or fiscal year data for revenue, expenses, and before-tax cash flows in a developer's rental portfolio. These data will be used to help score and determine the feasibility of the application's proposed cash flows. AHFC will notify applicants if properties within their SREO will be excluded as comps prior to the application deadline.

- e. Have all funding sources been confirmed and / or substantiated with documentation? In assessing this item, AHFC will consider the following, listed in order of priority:
 - i. Whether written lending commitments have been provided;
 - ii. Whether tax credit proceeds (if applicable) accurately reflect current tax credit market sale rates;
 - iii. Whether a tax credit purchase commitment is provided;
 - iv. Whether letters of interest from other proposed funding sources have been provided.
- f. Does the project schedule and written development narrative demonstrate a clear understanding on the part of the applicant for successful housing development in the proposed site's market? Are development concepts and reasonable assurances that the project can be successfully implemented within the proposed time frame valid? Has the applicant demonstrated the ability to obligate funding, including NHTF, and complete the project in a timely manner?

11. Low-income Housing Tax Credit projects: Under IRS Regulations 1.42-17, AHFC must evaluate the financial feasibility of a project at three separate phases during the development of the project. The three stages are:

1. Application;
2. Allocation (carryover or issuance of 8609);
3. Placed in service date.

The final evaluation for the issuance of the IRS Form 8609, "Low income Housing Credit Allocation Certification," must occur after the placed in service date.

Under IRS Regulation 1.42-17, owners must certify to all sources and uses of funds and the total financing planned for the project. Section 1.42-17 also specifies the type of information that must be provided by the owner and reviewed by AHFC as part of the evaluation.

For purposes of the evaluation done at allocation (carryover and 8609), the schedule of costs prepared by the owner must also include a Certified Public Accountant's audit report on the schedule. The CPA's audit must be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The audit report must be unqualified.

This requirement also pertains to all tax-exempt bond-financed projects that are seeking credit under the provisions of this allocation plan.

12. Projects Eligible for the Discretionary Basis Boost, as defined in this Qualified Allocation Plan: LIHTC projects that will not receive project-based operating subsidy may request an application of the Discretionary Basis Boost, subject to AHFC's approval after evaluating the proposal's financial feasibility and need, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- a. Mixed Income Projects
 - i. In developments where at least 20% of the units do not contain income restrictions, AHFC will apply the discretionary basis boost if (i) the boost is necessary after a subsidy layer review and (ii) the property does not already qualify for a basis boost through another provision.

13. Energy Star Appliances: Where Energy Star Appliances may be incorporated into the project designs, GOAL funded projects will be required to exclusively use certified Energy Star appliances.
14. All medicine cabinets in the project must include locking mechanisms.
15. Projects with units accessible through common hallways must have secured entryways.
16. Unless otherwise waived by AHFC, all projects with eight (8) or more units, serving families with children must have a recreation area on-site for children which is designed and equipped with age appropriate equipment. The play area and its associated access route(s) must be compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act.

This will not apply to renovation projects where the property footprint does not change. Projects serving families with children are defined as any building or complex that contains units with three bedrooms or more.
17. All new construction and rehabilitation projects containing HOME or NHTF must include broadband infrastructure, as defined by the Federal Communications Commission and HUD. See HUD final rule dated December 20, 2016.
18. Income averaging will not be allowed for LIHTC projects. LIHTC projects must comply with either the 20-50 or 40-60 rules.

PRE-APPLICATION REVIEW PROCESS

In late Spring, AHFC announces a pre-application round for the GOAL program funds. Only successful pre-applicants that have been invited to apply in the full competition will be eligible for GOAL program funding in the full application process. During the pre-application process, AHFC will evaluate the following and determine whether or not a project proposal should be invited forward into the full competition:

- All proposals for 9% LIHTCs that involve acquisition and renovation, or renovation, of an existing property will be evaluated at the pre-application stage to see if, in AHFC's sole

opinion, the property may be rehabilitated using 4% LIHTCs. If in AHFC's sole opinion the property can be renovated using 4% LIHTCs, the proposal will not be invited to apply for 9% LIHTCs in the GOAL round.

- Market Feasibility: Is there sufficient need and / or demand for the proposed project? What is the impact of the proposed project size relative to the market while considering market saturation rates and overall size? Will the proposed project have an adverse effect on the private rental market?
- Whether city, borough or census area population data will be used to determine the point values for the proposed project under Sections 4(b)-(c) of the Rating Criteria.
- Whether or not changes to the project design, scope, and / or funding mix are necessary and / or appropriate (as determined by AHFC).
- Whether or not the proposal can reasonably be expected to be constructed with the proposed funding mix and development team.
- Whether or not penalty points should be assessed.
- Project Team and Sponsor Capacity: Pre-applicants will need to establish that sufficient capacity exists to develop and operate the proposed project. Demonstration of the following will be required to clear threshold during the pre-application review:

Development Team Member	Threshold Level: <u>Proposals will not be invited forward into the full application process unless the following are demonstrated</u>
Developer / Development Consultant	Within the past ten years, a minimum of three years of successful multi-family development experience. For HOME, NHTF, and LIHTC projects, two years of this experience must involve projects using the requested sources (HOME or LIHTC) or projects of a nature sufficiently similar, in AHFC's sole determination, to the project being proposed.
Project Sponsor	Two Years of Audited or un-Audited Financial Statements. If the project Sponsor is a newly formed entity, other materials such as prior year Tax Returns, evidence of guarantor capacity, etc. of principals deemed sufficient, in AHFC's sole determination, may be accepted in lieu of Financial Statements.

Property Management Team	Within the past ten years, a minimum three years of successful multi-family property management experience. For HOME, NHTF, and LIHTC projects, two years of this experience must involve multi-family rental properties with the requested funding sources (HOME or LIHTC) or projects of a nature sufficiently similar, in AHFC’s sole determination, to the project being proposed.
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Successful pre-applications will be invited forward into the full GOAL competition. Penalty points, necessary changes to the project identified in the pre-application review, and reasons why unsuccessful pre-applicants were not invited forward into the full application process will be communicated at the close of the pre-application round.

At the Pre-Application stage, project sponsors will be required to designate the applicant entity. This entity may partner or contract with other entities to satisfy the experience requirements, but the named entity will be the entity that controls any subsequent award of GOAL funding in the event that partners or contracted staff decouple from the proposal. Any substitution or change in partners or contract staff used to satisfy the experience requirements will require AHFC’s approval, in advance and in writing, and will be subject to the responsible bidder and penalty point review process.

FULL APPLICATION EVALUATION REVIEW PROCESS

Each application received by AHFC will be reviewed by staff to determine whether the minimum application submission requirements have been satisfied by the applicant ("**threshold evaluation**"). If the applicant fails to submit the required application materials by the deadline established by AHFC, the application may be denied any further review or consideration.

FULL APPLICATION EVALUATION

Applications that pass the threshold evaluation will be evaluated according to the objective review criteria defined in this Qualified Allocation Plan (QAP).

Application Review Process

Funding Considerations

The CEO may use considerations other than the point ranking to make the final funding awards. These considerations are:

1. Minimum levels of funding necessary, in AHFC's opinion, to result in a financially feasible project, including a recommendation of no funding if sufficient debt can be supported;
2. The maximum legal and AHFC annual programmatic funding limits;
3. Distribution of GOAL funds in such a manner to maximize the number of financially feasible projects which receive funding, even though this may result in the award of funds or tax credits outside of actual application rankings established by the rating process.
4. Increasing the spread of projects by geographic location.
5. A different amount of GOAL program funds for a project than requested by the applicant may be recommended in order to: avoid over subsidizing, to maximize the leverage of all GOAL program resources, and to satisfy the requirements of award review assumptions made by AHFC in the feasibility review.
6. "Responsible bidder" AHFC reserves the right to reject or assess negative points to any application or request for funding from any applicant who has failed to perform or is partnered with a person or organization which:
 - a. failed to perform any previous grant or contract with AHFC, or has previously failed to perform properly or to complete on time contracts of a similar nature;
 - b. qualifies or changes terms and conditions of the Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA), applicable restrictive covenants or loans in such a manner that is not responsive to the purpose sought by AHFC in issuing the NOFA, covenants or loans;
 - c. submits an application that contains faulty specifications or insufficient information that, in the opinion of AHFC, makes an application non-responsive to the NOFA;

- d. submits a late application;
- e. has not signed the application;
- f. is not in a position to perform the work proposed in the application;
- g. habitually and without just cause neglected the payment of bills or otherwise disregarded its obligations to subcontractors, material suppliers, or employees;
- h. has shown a consistent practice of non-compliance with State and federal rules that govern housing development programs;
- i. who has unpaid taxes due to the State of Alaska or the U.S. government;
- j. has a conflict of interest with the applicant and board member or employee of AHFC;
- k. AHFC determines that the application is not in AHFC's best interest.

In instances where the funding decision approved by AHFC's Executive Director/Chief Executive officer varies from that requested by the applicant, the applicant will be given notice of AHFC's intent to award the alternative funding reservation and/or award, and will be allowed to accept or reject the offered funding package. If the applicant rejects the funding package offered, no additional consideration will be given to the applicant during the funding cycle, and the declined GOAL program funds may be offered to another qualifying applicant(s). An applicant may have the right to appeal this decision under 15 AAC 151.830 and 15 AAC 150.220.

For any allocation of LIHTC that is made outside the priorities and selection criteria established by AHFC in this allocation plan, a written explanation will be made available to the general public, upon request.

AHFC reserves the right to deny GOAL funds to any applicant, regardless of that applicant's point ranking if, in AHFC's sole determination, the applicant's proposed development or operational plan for the development is not financially feasible or viable. Additionally, GOAL funds may be awarded out of the ranking order established by the points earned. In such cases, this recommendation shall be based on the amount of GOAL funds requested, relative to the amount of funding available, as well as other selection criteria identified within the rating criteria plan.

Application Award Process

Each applicant will receive an "Intent to Award" for the proposed GOAL program funding awards upon AHFC's executive director/chief executive officer's approval (or amendment) of the recommendations made by staff after the objective scoring has been completed and the projects have been ranked. Applicants may appeal the funding decision in accordance with AHFC regulations (15 AAC 151.830, 15 AAC 151.220 or 15 AAC 154.060, as applicable). Subsequent to any appeals processes, AHFC will issue a notice of award to successful applicants.

Application Rating and Ranking Criteria

The following criteria and associated points will be utilized to rate and rank applications received for GOAL program funds:

1. Project Location (Up to 21 Points)

- a. Project is located in an area qualifying as a "small community," as defined in this Qualified Allocation Plan (20 Points)
- b. Project is located in a Qualified Census Tract (as defined by HUD, under 42(d)(5)(c)) **and** is considered to contribute to a community revitalization plan (see definition of "community revitalization plan") (1 Point)

2. Project Design (Maximum 52 points)

- a. Energy Efficiency (14 Points)

Applicants requesting points under subsections (i) through (vi) of these Energy Efficiency Criteria will be required to provide AHFC copies of annual financial statements for their proposal(s), if funded. If audited financials are unavailable for a given year, project owners may satisfy this requirement by submitting unaudited financial statements. Additionally, applicants will be required to respond to reasonable inquiries from AHFC regarding energy consumption at their properties. These requirements will apply throughout the term of the restrictive covenants recorded for the property, if funded.

- i. Project commits to achieving a 5 Star Plus BEES rating located in a moderate cost area* (4 points)
- ii. Project commits to achieving a 5 Star Plus BEES rating located in an intermediate cost area* (6 points)
- iii. Project commits to achieving a 5 Star Plus BEES rating located in a high cost area* (8 points)
- iv. Rehab projects only: Project commits to achieving 2018 International Energy Conservation Code Certification* (5 points)

*Categories (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) above are either/or categories. Points may be awarded under only one category for (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv). Please see the Project Leveraging Category for the Moderate, Intermediate and High Cost areas definitions.

- v. **Cost Effective Renewable Energy will be incorporated into the project design and operations. For the purpose of this section, renewable energy is defined as any on-site energy source (i.e. solar, etc.). The Renewable Energy system must, at minimum, be projected to generate a benefit to the project of \$40 per unit, per year. (6 points)
- vi. **Cost Effective energy efficiency improvements that exceed the 5 Star Plus BEES requirements. For the purposes of this section, qualifying energy efficiency improvements are those that take the property beyond a 5 Star Plus BEES rating and result in a minimum savings of \$40 per unit, per year. (6 points)

**For the purpose of (v and vi), cost effectiveness is established where the cumulative benefit(s) delivered by the respective renewable energy source(s) or efficiency improvements exceeds the initial cost of the system. The cumulative benefit will include any proceeds / rebates from the system installation that are paid by unrelated parties, and then be calculated using the current year energy price and forecast energy production (or savings). The payback analysis will be limited to the lesser of 30 years or the projected system(s) life. The energy value will be escalated at 3% per year. The cost effectiveness analysis will be provided on forms, and supported by analysis, prescribed by AHFC.

Note: sections (v) and (vi) are either or categories. Applicants may receive points for one category, but not both.

b. Availability of Larger Units for Households with Children (Maximum 2 Points)

Points will be awarded to applications based on the percentage of residential units in the project with three or more bedrooms, according to the following rating scale:

Calculation:

$$\text{Points} = \frac{\text{Number of Residential Units with 3 bedrooms or more} \times 2}{(\text{Total Number Units in Property} \times 0.4)}$$

Example: A 10-unit project, with no manager's unit, where 1 of the project's units contains three bedrooms and the remaining units were efficiencies or one-bedroom units would receive 0.5 points:

$$(1 \times 2) / (10 \times 0.4) = 2/4 = 0.5 = 0.5 \text{ points}$$

c. Number of Units Equipped for Persons with Physical Disabilities and Sensory Impairments (8 Points)

Number of "equipped units" as defined within this Rating and Award Criteria. For senior developments, full points will be awarded if 100% of units are "equipped units." For non-senior developments, full points will be awarded if 25% of units are "equipped units."

Calculation: Senior Development

$$\text{Points} = \frac{\text{Number of 'Equipped Units'} \times 8}{\text{Total Number of Units in Property}}$$

Calculation: Non-senior Development

$$\text{Points} = \frac{\text{Number of 'Equipped Units'} \times 8}{(\text{Total Number of Units in Property} \times 0.25)}$$

All projects must meet the requirements of the following laws:

- Americans with Disabilities Act
- U.S. Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1989
- Alaska Statute AS 18.80.240
- Local Government Ordinances

d. Rehabilitation Project (Maximum 16 points)

- i. Two points will be awarded to all projects involving rehabilitation. For the purpose of this section, rehabilitation, at minimum, must consist of some sort of building renovation and / or demolition and reconstruction where a building is currently located at the project site. If AHFC, in its sole discretion, finds that a de minimus amount of demolition took, or is scheduled to take, place at the project site to qualify for points under this section, no points will be awarded.

NOTE: If a property has been acquired for the purposes of a GOAL project, and demolition of the existing structure(s) has already taken place, applicants will qualify for the 2 point minimum IF, and only if, the demolition occurred within 3 calendar years of the GOAL application deadline. However, in such cases, applicants will still be required to document the costs of the demolition, as well as the funding used for the demolition, in the development budgets submitted with their applications.

- ii. The property is in an area with a three-year average population growth rate less than zero*. (4 points)
- iii. The property located in an area where the vacancy rate is 10% or higher*. (4 points)
- iv. The project will convert a non-affordable property to affordable housing or a non-senior property to senior housing. (6 points)

* The same data sources used to assign points under the Location Trends and Rental Market Strength categories will be used to evaluate points in these categories.

- e. Storage Facilities (1 point) - All residential units will be provided with assigned tenant storage facilities. Units with attached garages will automatically qualify for this point.

- f. Service enriched housing, which incorporates substantive social services for homeless and / or disabled Alaskans, on an ongoing basis – (3 points). Points are only available if households with physical and / or mental disabilities, or homeless persons will be served by the proposed project through hard set-aside units. Services must be tailored toward the populations served by the special needs set-aside units. Costs and the funding for these services must be included in the operating budget.
- g. Project Based Rental Assistance (8 points) – Developments that will receive project-based rental assistance through a federal source for at least 25% of the total residential units will receive eight (8) points. The term of the rental assistance, subject to federal appropriations, must be for at least 15 years.

3. Project Characteristics (Maximum 38 Points)

Points will be awarded to applications that exhibit certain desired characteristics in accordance with the following:

- a. Project Serves the Lowest Income Tenants (Maximum 12 Points)

Points will be awarded for setting aside more than 10% of a project’s units, up to 60% of the project’s units, for households at or below 50% of the area median income. Sponsors may propose more than 60% of the units for households at or below 50% AMI, however the maximum scoring will be obtained once 60% of the total units has been achieved.

Points are calculated as Follows

A = Number of 50% AMI set-aside units in project.

B = Number of residential units in project (does not count manager’s units if unrestricted) x 10%

C = The number of residential units in the project (does not count manager’s units if unrestricted) x 50%

$$\frac{(A - B)}{C} \times 12 = \text{Score, (12 points Maximum, 0 points minimum)}$$

Example: a 97-unit proposal will set-aside 47 units at 60% AMI and 50 units at 50% AMI. Points would be calculated as:

$$\frac{(50 - 9.7)}{(48.5)} \times 12 = 9.97 \text{ Points}$$

i. **Exemptions for Senior Citizens Housing Development Fund (SCHDF) Requests**

Senior project applications which exclusively request SCHDF program funds will be rated in accordance with the rating criteria plan, excluding this criteria. Senior organizations must establish rental policies, i.e., affordable unit (restricted income and rent) versus market rate units, in accordance with the need in their area and their organizational principles.

b. **Extended Low-Income Project Use (1 Point)**

- i. One (1) point will be awarded to applications that commit the project to an extended low-income use equaling 30 years. An extended use agreement or other similar agreement, as determined to be appropriate by AHFC, is required. LIHTC project sponsors that elect points under this category will forfeit their ability to pursue termination of the extended use period through a qualified contract.

ii. **Exemptions for Senior Citizens Housing Development Fund (SCHDF) Requests**

Senior project applications which exclusively request SCHDF program funds will be rated in accordance with the rating criteria plan, excluding this criteria.

c. **Projects which Serve Special Needs Populations (8 Points Maximum)**

Points will be awarded for projects committing additional units (up to 50% of the residential units in the project) to special needs populations (defined below) above those commitments already required by their funding sources and the GOAL program.

Calculation:

Points = (# of special needs units not already required by the GOAL Program to satisfy the Special Needs threshold x 8) / (# of Residential Units in Project x 50%)

A "Special Needs" person or family consists of one or more of the following:

- Persons with a mental or physical disability;
- Persons/families whose annual income does not exceed 30% of the area median income, as determined by HUD, adjusted for family size. Note: Projects exclusively requesting SCHDF program funds will be excluded from earning points under this section for targeting households at or below 30% of area median income;
- Homeless persons (may include persons "overcrowded" as defined by AHFC).

d. Project Mix (12 Points Maximum)

i. Projects located in a census tract where 51% or more of the households have income greater than the Area Median Gross Income (defined by HUD)

Points	2	4	6	8
Percentage of Units = Low Income	65%	70%	75%	80%

ii. Projects located in a census tract where 40% or more of the households, but less than 51% of the households, have income greater than the Area Median Gross Income (defined by HUD)

Points	1	2	3	4
Percentage of Units = Low Income	65%	70%	75%	80%

iii. Projects located in a census tract where at least 20% of the households have income less than 30% of the Area Median Gross Income (defined by HUD)

Points	5	6	7	8
Percentage of Units = at or above Market Rate	20%	40%	60%	80%

iv. Project Mix Bonus: Regardless of the census tract income: if at least 20% of the units are unrestricted by income and the remainder are income restricted **OR** if at least 20% of the units are restricted by income and the remainder are unrestricted by income (Four points).

Please Note: Census tract data will be determined during the pre-application with a required market study. Applicants will be notified in their application invitation if their project is located within a census tract qualifying for points under the three categories listed above.

e. Projects Intended for Eventual Tenant Ownership (1 Point)

For any project that is designed and operated so that the units will be eventually sold to the tenants, one (1) point will be awarded. In order to receive the point in this category, applicants must provide documentation showing a comprehensive plan for tenant home ownership counseling which includes maintenance techniques for the home. In addition, the sponsor will agree to place resale restrictions on the units, as determined to be appropriate by AHFC.

f. Preference in Occupancy for Homeless Families (1 Point)

One (1) point will be awarded to any applicant that commits to giving a preference to homeless families (including single individuals) in the tenant selection process for a GOAL funded project. "Homeless" is defined in the Definitions section of this Plan.

g. Public Housing Waiting Lists (1 Point)

One (1) point will be awarded to applications that contain a **written commitment** to give priority to households on waiting lists for subsidized housing. For projects located outside of Anchorage that are served through AHFC's public housing office, this subsidized housing preference MUST include HOME funded Tenant Based Rental Assistance Coupons referred through AHFC's Public Housing Division. A commitment means establishing gross rents below the "Fair Market Rent" limits established by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development **AND** establishing a referral relationship to a local office of AHFC and / or a local Indian Housing Authority. Applicants must describe how a referral relationship will be achieved. If no AHFC office or Indian Housing Authority is available to effectively provide referrals to the project, no point will be awarded under this section.

LIHTC, HOME, and NHTF funded projects may not refuse to lease to a holder of a certificate of family participation under the Section 8 Existing Voucher Program (Housing Choice Voucher) or to a holder of a comparable document evidencing

participation in a HOME tenant-based assistance program because of the status of the prospective tenant as a holder of such certificate, voucher, or comparable HOME tenant-based assistance document.

h. Senior Housing Offset (8 Points)

Eight (8) points will be awarded to projects primarily devoted to providing housing to qualifying Senior households, as defined in the NOFA. If funding with income restrictions encumbers more than 20% of the project units, no points will be awarded under this category.

i. Veterans Housing Preference (2 Points)

Two (2) points will be awarded to projects that contain a written commitment to giving a preference in the tenant selection criteria to households containing a veteran.

4. Market Conditions (Up to 45 Points)

a. Opportunity: (up to 15 Points):

- i. Unemployment exceeds the state average by more than 5%: 0 points
- ii. Unemployment is no more than 5% above the state average: 4 points
- iii. Unemployment is no more than 3 % above the state average: 8 points
- iv. Unemployment is no more than 1% above the state average: 10 points
- v. Unemployment at least equal to the state average : 12 points
- vi. Unemployment is 2.5% or more below the state average: 15 points

Developments will be scored using the annual unemployment rate reported by the State of Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce development for the most recent year.

b. Rental Market Strength (up to 15 Points) – Project must be located in a city, borough or census area covered by the Department of Labor Survey used to generate the Rental Market Indicators. If the proposed project is not located in a city, borough or census area covered by the Department of Labor Survey, the vacancy rate will need to be determined through a market study using the same methodology employed by the Department of Labor in their survey. Project is located in a survey area with vacancy rates exceeding 12% – 0 points

- i. Project is located in a survey area with vacancy rates of at least 9%, but no more than 12% – 2 points

- ii. Project is located in a survey area with vacancy rates of at least 7%, but less than 9% – 6 points
 - iii. Project is located in a survey area with vacancy rates of at least 6%, but less than 7% – 10 points
 - iv. Project is located in a survey area with vacancy rates of at least 4%, but less than 6% – 13 points
 - v. Project is located in a survey area with vacancy rates lower than 4% – 15 points
- c. Location Trends (up to 15 Points) - Points will be awarded based on the average growth rates over the most recent three-year period using *City and Census Designated Place data*. These data are reported on the State of Alaska's Department of Labor and Workforce Development website.

Points will be awarded based on the average of three-year growth rates for communities with populations of 6,500 or more. In cases where the community population is less than 6,500, points awarded will be based on the lesser of (1) the average growth rate for the specific community and (2) the average three-year growth rate for the borough or census area associated with the community. In cases where the population for the borough or census area associated with the community is less than 6,500, eight (8) points will be awarded IF the average three-year growth rate for the community is above 0%.

For proposals located in Palmer or Wasilla, the proposal will receive points based on the combined populations for those two communities, and their collective growth rates.

Using the above parameters, points will be assigned as follows:

- i. Population growth in the city, borough or census area over the past three years is greater than or equal to 2.0%: 15 points
- ii. Population growth in the city, borough or census area over the past three years is at least 1.25% but less than 2.0%: 12 points
- iii. Population growth in the city, borough or census area over the past three years is at least 0.5% but less than 1.25%: 10 points

- iv. Borough or census area population is less than 6,500, but the population growth over the past three years is greater than 0%: 8 points
- v. Population growth in the city, borough or census area over the past three years is greater than 0% but less than 0.5%: 6 points
- vi. Population growth in the city, borough or census area over the past three years is less than or equal to zero, but greater than -0.5%: 4 points

5. Underwriting (40 points)

An application must receive at least 8 of the total possible points in this category to receive any funding under the GOAL program. Points will be awarded based on the following subcategories:

a. Pro Forma Analysis (30 Points)

- i. Level to which project supports hard debt. To earn points under this section, hard debt means financing with scheduled payments, which cannot be deferred, beginning in the first year of the project operation.
 - 1. 4% or more, up to 6% of Total Development Costs (TDC) supported by hard debt (6 points)
 - 2. More than 6% but less than 9% of TDC supported by hard debt (10 points)
 - 3. 9% or more, but less than 12% of TDC supported by hard debt (16 points)
 - 4. 12% to 15% of TDC supported by hard debt (20 points)
 - 5. More than 15% of TDC supported by hard debt (24 points)

Remote Community Provision for (i): In projects not connected by road or rail to Anchorage or Fairbanks, where the location also meets the Small Community definition, the percentages of development costs supported by hard debt will be scored by using forty percent 40% of the target percentages above. For example, in a qualifying community, the project would receive 24 points if more than 6% of the development costs were supported by hard debt.

- ii. Projects which are prohibited by rules associated with their supplemental funding sources which provide project-based operating assistance (i.e. HUD 811 and Section 202) from servicing debt throughout the project operations will

automatically receive 14 points to offset their competitive disadvantage under Underwriting Category (a)(i).

- iii. Line items for the following have been correctly set in the Rental Development Analysis Workbook (RDAW) submitted in the application to amounts at or below their respective limits: Developer Fee, Construction Contingency, Contractor Overhead / Profit, and General Requirements. (1 point)
- iv. All line items in RDAW have been clearly described (5 points). Each time **any** line items exist for positive dollar amounts identified as only “other” or any similarly lacking description, two (2) points will be subtracted from the five points available under this category until points are no longer available under 3(a)(iii). The point floor for this category will be zero (0).
- v. Penalty: RDAW Discrepancy (minus 5 points maximum). A one (1) point penalty, up to a maximum total penalty of five (5) points, will apply for each instance of the below circumstances noted in the RDAW:
 - 1. Costs that AHFC determines will be incurred as part of the project development or operations are not included in the budget (i.e. allocation fees for an LIHTC project are not included in the budget)
 - 2. Sources and expenses identified in the application materials are not fully accounted for in the RDAW
 - 3. Known sources do not equal (within \$1,000) known uses in the RDAW; for example, donated land shows up as a source but no offsetting cost is identified in the development budget. A penalty will not apply in this case if the gap between sources and uses is created by assumptions AHFC makes during the award review.

b. Developer Fee (2 Points)

- i. Developer fee separately identifies developer overhead and developer fee in excess of overhead in separate line items (1 points)
*For the purposes of this section, Developer Overhead is defined as the costs of business for the Developer attributable to the project (i.e. time, insurance, business expense, etc.). Developer Fee in Excess of Overhead is simply the difference between the Total Developer Fee and the Developer Overhead.
- ii. No deferred developer fee is listed at or above 30% of the total developer fee (1 point)

- iii. Penalty: If the developer is not the project owner and the deferred developer fee is not repayable within 12 years **based on trending analysis** in the Rental Development Workbook (minus 2 points).

c. Debt Coverage Ratio (8 Points)

In the first year of operation a DCR:

- i. At or above 1.40 (in year 1) for hard debt service (8 points) – points only available if hard debt is issued for project development and this debt represents at least 4% of the Total Development Costs.
- ii. At or above 1.30, but below 1.40, (in year 1) for hard debt service (3 points) – points only available if hard debt is issued for project development and this debt represents at least 4% of the Total Development Costs.
- iii. Projects which are prohibited by rules associated with their supplemental funding sources which provide project-based operating assistance (i.e. HUD 811 and Section 202) from servicing debt throughout the project operations will automatically receive 8 points to offset their competitive disadvantage under Underwriting Categories (c)(i)-(c)(ii).

6. Project Leveraging (Maximum 28 Points)

Project leveraging will be evaluated by a review committee of no fewer than three members. Applicants must provide a narrative describing how the project will address these criteria. (6 pages maximum)

- a. The appropriateness of the project's total development cost (TDC) per unit in the context of location and relative difficulty to develop. (20 points)
- b. The amount of GOAL funding requested relative to the TDC and amount of non-GOAL funding in the project. (8 points)

7. Project Team Characteristics (1 Point)

- a. A tax-exempt organization or Regional Housing Authority is involved in the project on a regular, continuous, and substantial basis in both the development and operation of the project (must be recognized as a tax-exempt organization by the Internal Revenue Service) (1 Point).

- b. Points will be deducted from the applicant's score in cases where a principal of the development, management or ownership entity identified in the application or subsequently used on the project, has been determined through monitoring reviews by AHFC to be in violation of program criteria, rules or regulations. Performance of the developer, owner, investor, property management firm, and all entities related by common ownership to the development team will be reviewed.

The penalty point review will be conducted during the threshold review as part of the "pre-application" process. The procedure will be based on a review of all grant/loan programs of AHFC and the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program. An applicant may have the right to appeal this decision under 15 AAC 151.830 and 15 AAC 150.220.

AHFC retains the right to amend the point penalties based on extenuating circumstances due to natural disasters, events outside the control of the sponsor/owner, or based on the best interests of AHFC or the management of these programs. For the purpose of subtracting points under this criteria, the following schedule will be used:

- i. Late progress reports during the performance period of a grant (submitted 15 days after due date) will receive zero penalty points for the first occurrence, and 1 penalty point for each subsequent occurrence.
- ii. One point will be subtracted for each month that an AHFC mortgage payment is 30-days past-due (five points maximum). Penalty points for mortgage performance will be assessed against all members of the project ownership.
- iii. Issuance of an IRS Form 8823 or audit findings on grant programs which are older than 3 months and uncorrected by the pre-application deadline. (3 penalty points for each project fitting this description that is not already addressed through UPCS protocol specified in (iv) of this section).
- iv. Unapproved (by AHFC), and uncorrected changes in the design or scope of a prior development from the original application scope that was proposed will result in the greater of (1) a 3 point per instance point reduction, or (2) a point penalty equal to the number of points originally awarded for the commitment that was not honored. Once this penalty has been assessed in a competition, the same penalty will not be assessed in perpetuity on future applications (i.e. if assessed in year 1 competition,

same penalty will not be assessed in year 2's competition for the same event that merited year 1's penalty points).

8. Job Training Program (Maximum 6 Points)

Up to six (6) points may be awarded to an applicant committing to operate a job-training program that targets low and moderate-income families, during the construction of the project. The trainees must be prepared for meaningful employment opportunities after the program is completed. The training opportunities qualifying for points under this category must be related to the project development. Apprenticeship training in a recognized trade union is one example. If an applicant receives points in this category, but fails to implement the training program, AHFC may recapture any reservation or funding commitment made from GOAL program funds.

- a. Applicants must provide letters of financial commitment for program operation, and signed memorandums of agreement between the project owner, the contractor, the training organization, and any other parties involved. **No points** will be awarded under this category without firm written commitments, and a detailed summary of the program which specifies the goals and objectives for the program, the number of training positions, the target group of people, how the program will be funded, the skills learned by the trainees, the duration of the training and what future employment opportunities will be available to trainees.
- b. Applicants will earn one (1) point for each individual being provided on-the-job-training during the project development. An additional two points will be earned for classroom training that includes at least 20 hours of instruction for at least two individuals. Classroom training must be delivered to the persons who will receive the on-the-job training. (maximum of 6 points).

9. Geographic Distribution, Sponsor Award Limits, and Tie-Break Provisions

- a. Project sponsors, including their subsidiaries and parent organizations, will be limited to the lesser of 50% of the total GOAL Program Resources or two (2) GOAL projects in any given year's GOAL program statewide funding round.

- b. No more than 1/3 one third of the LIHTC authority may be requested by a single development.
- c. No more than 1/2 one half of the available SCHDF grant funding may be requested by a single project.
- d. Tie-break: In the event that a tie in project scoring occurs, the following order of tie-break provisions will be used
 - i. The tie-will be broken in favor of the project whose community has gone the longest without a GOAL program funded development; if still tied, then
 - ii. The tie will be broken by the development with the lowest total development cost per unit

PROJECT CHANGES AND NON-COMPLIANCE WITH RATING CRITERIA AFTER AWARD

AHFC will not approve any project changes pertaining to rating criteria that would modify the order in which applications were ranked during the rating process. AHFC will consider requested changes only if there is substantive reason, in AHFC's opinion to believe that in not approving the change, the financial feasibility of the project will be compromised.

All project characteristics proposed by the applicant become part of the extended use agreement (LIHTC program) or deed restriction (HOME, NHTF, and SCHDF programs) which are recorded on a funded project. Failure to meet any of these requirements which are incorporated in to the extended use agreement or deed restriction is considered a violation of this award plan (Qualified Allocation Plan for LIHTC). Such violations are considered reportable to the Internal Revenue Service (LIHTC program) as non-compliance, or in the case of HOME, NHTF, and SCHDF program funds (and not corrected in a timely manner), are events which may cause AHFC to demand repayment of the HOME, NHTF, and/or SCHDF program funds.

RATING AND RANKING CRITERIA SUMMARY		Maximum Points
Evaluation Criteria		
1. Project Location		
	i. Small Community – 20 points	
	ii. QCT w/ Community Revitalization – 1 point	21
2. Project Design		
	i. Energy Efficiency – 14 points	
	ii. Larger Units – 2 points	
	iii. Equipped Units – 8 points	
	iv. Rehab – 16 points	
	v. Storage facilities – 1 point	
	vi. Service enriched housing – 3 points	
	vii. Project Based Rental Assistance – 8 points	52
3. Project Characteristics		
	i. Project Serves lowest income tenants – 12 points	
	ii. Extended low-income use – 1 point	
	iii. Special needs targeting – 8 points	
	iv. Project Mix – 12 points	
	v. Tenant ownership – 1 points	
	vi. Homeless preference – 1 points	
	vii. Public Housing Waiting List Preference – 1 point	
	viii. Veterans Preference – 2 points	
	ix. Senior Housing Offset – 8 points	38
4. Market Conditions		
	i. Opportunity – 15 points	
	ii. Rental Market Strength – 15 points	
	iii. Location Trends – 15 points	45
5. Underwriting – 8 point threshold		
	i. Pro forma – 30 points	
	ii. Developer Fee – 2 points	
	iii. Debt coverage ratio – 8 points	40
6. Leverage		
	i. Appropriateness of TDC - 20 points	
	ii. GOAL funds relative to TDC and other funding – 8 points	28
7. Project Team Characteristics		
	i. Non-profit participation – 1 point	
	ii. Penalty points – no max	1
8. Job Training Program		6
TOTAL POINTS		231

PROJECT COST AND FUNDING LIMITATIONS

The following cost limitations shall apply in determining a project's eligible basis, and the resulting amount of GOAL program funds that may be awarded. These cost limits shall not be exceeded unless substantive evidence, acceptable to AHFC, is supplied by the applicant to justify higher cost limitations.

1. Developer/General Contractor Fees and Costs:

The maximum gross developer and contractor fee/overhead charged to the development may not exceed the amounts specified in the following table. Where an identity of interest exists among the developer, contractor, consultants or any other party to the development, the maximum developer and/or contractor fee may be further reduced to an amount determined to be appropriate by AHFC. AHFC may also reduce any fee that, in AHFC's opinion is higher than is justified for the project. Exceptions will be considered only if significant evidence is provided which suggests that the project is of a nature that warrants such higher fees.

At the time of the GOAL application, the maximum cash developer fee that may be proposed is 80% of the maximum allowed developer fee, the remaining 20% may be deferred. If the project comes in under budget or receives additional funding, the proposed deferral can be reduced up to the programmatic limit.

Development Type	Maximum Gross Developer Fee* <i>Cash Fee May Never Exceed \$2M</i>	Maximum Development Consultant Fee	Maximum Gross Contractor Fee/Overhead**	General Requirements**	Maximum Contingency***
New Construction	5% of Acquisition Costs 15% TDC less Acquisition	5%	10%	10%	5% of construction costs
Acquisition with Rehabilitation or rehabilitation Only	5% of Acquisition Costs and 15% of Rehabilitation Costs	5%	10% of Rehabilitation Cost	10% of Rehabilitation Cost	10% of construction costs
Acquisition Only (HOME & SCHDF Programs only)	5% of Acquisition Cost	5%	0%	0%	
4% Tax Exempt Bond LIHTC Projects (Only)	5% of Acquisition Costs 15% TDC less Acquisition	5%	10%	10%	10%

*The maximum fee/overhead must be calculated against the total development cost of the project, net any payments to the developer or related parties. Construction management services performed by a party related to the developer and / or applicant are considered development overhead charges and must be included in the maximum allowed developer fee.

** The maximum fee/overhead and general requirements is calculated against total construction cost, less the costs of the general requirements and contractor overhead and profit.

*** The maximum construction contingency is calculated against total construction cost (excluding the contingency line item).

Please refer to the program policy and procedures guide for the definitions of general requirements, and builder/contractor profit and overhead.

2. The annual amount of eligible basis, the applicable **Consultant Fees and Cost of Intermediaries**

All payments made to consultants or other intermediaries who are performing tasks normally performed by a developer, are considered development overhead charges and must be included in the maximum 15% allowable for the developer fee and overhead.

3. Operating Reserves

Operating reserves that are funded with proceeds from the GOAL program are limited to an amount up to one year of the projects' total operating expenses, not including replacement reserves. This limitation may be waived at AHFC's discretion if it is considered to be in the best interests of the project or the GOAL program.

4. Replacement Reserves

All projects funded with GOAL funds will be required to maintain a minimum of \$400 per unit/per year replacement reserves for capital expenses (roof repair, boiler replacement, etc.). The replacement reserve account must be jointly controlled by the project owner and AHFC or some other secondary lender. This requirement will be subordinate to any terms or conditions placed on loan or grant financing associated with the project.

5. HOME Rental Development Funds

In addition to the federal requirements for HOME funding, to receive HOME rental development funds through the GOAL program, a minimum of 20% of the residential rental

units, rounded up to the next full unit, in the development must be set-aside for families at or below 50% of the median income, adjusted for family size.

If HOME funds are proposed for activities that will demolish existing rental properties and / or reduce the number of housing units in a community, AHFC will evaluate the proposal in the context of the one-for-one replacement requirements under the HOME program. If AHFC determines that one-for-one replacement of housing units is appropriate, under the HOME Program Rules, then funding consideration will be conditioned on the proposal's adherence to the one-for-one replacement requirement.

6. Limitations on SCHDF Project Funding

For grant requests over \$500,000, the underwriting analysis performed by AHFC for determining the recommended amount of senior housing grant funds will be based on analysis of the debt carrying capacity of the project. AHFC will use the underwriting criteria for its multi-family loan program to determine the potential amount of debt the project could support. Project income will be estimated by using the HUD established Fair Market Rent for the geographic location. The maximum SCHDF award will be the difference between the estimated debt capacity (loan amount) and total development costs.

7. Minimum Rehabilitation Costs

Under the LIHTC program, there is a minimum rehabilitation cost. The rehabilitation costs must be the greater of \$25,000 per unit or 10% of the "adjusted basis" of the building and must consist of work items that are more than just cosmetic in nature and include only physical items. Soft costs and financing costs may not be used to calculate the minimum rehabilitation cost.

8. Limitations on National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF) awards

Per Unit Limits - NHTF awards will be limited to the applicable project cost standards plus 20%. Funding limits will apply to the specific units funded through the NHTF award. Refinancing Limits – NHTF awards may not be used to refinance existing debt. NHTF awards may be used to fund renovations in projects with a debt restructure, but the NHTF dollars may not be used to restructure and / or refinance the debt itself.

The Project Cost Standards will not be used to evaluate points. These remain in the QAP to calculate NHTF subsidy limits and are referenced by other programs.

Moderate Cost Area: Defined as communities connected by road or rail to Anchorage or Fairbanks (within the State boundaries)

Project Cost Standard – Moderate Area		
One bedroom and Smaller	Two Bedroom Units	Larger than Two Bedroom
\$270,890 per unit	\$299,215 per unit	\$320,330 per unit

Intermediate Cost Area: Defined as communities not connected by road or rail to Anchorage or Fairbanks (within State boundaries) that do not meet the Small Community definition outlined in the Rating and Award Criteria.

Project Cost Standard – Intermediate Area		
One Bedroom and Smaller	Two Bedroom Units	Larger than Two Bedroom
\$303,335 per unit	\$334,750 per unit	\$358,440 per unit

High Cost Area: Defined as communities not connected by road or rail to Anchorage or Fairbanks (within State boundaries) that also meet the Small Community Definition outlined in the Rating and Award Criteria

Project Cost Standard – High Cost Area		
One Bedroom and Smaller	Two Bedroom Units	Larger than Two Bedroom
\$399,640	\$444,960	\$479,980

9. Utility Allowance Restrictions

HOME and NHTF projects:

Units funded through these programs will be underwritten and monitored in compliance with HUD HOMEfires – Vol. 13 No. 2, May 2016. AHFC will accept the HUD Utility Schedule Model or the actual per unit costs using the Multifamily Housing Utility Analysis process.

LIHTC Properties:

Energy Consumption Models will not be allowed for developments located in communities where a public housing utility allowance is available.

Properties located in communities without a public housing utility allowance may use Energy Consumption Models if, and only if, the consumption model is approved by the GOAL Program Manager.

USDA-RD Properties:

Properties operated through the USDA RD 515 program will be underwritten using the USDA's utility allowance for the property.

ALLOCATION OF TAX CREDITS TO PROJECTS FINANCED WITH TAX-EXEMPT BONDS EXCEEDING 50% OF TOTAL PROJECT COSTS

Applicants may apply to AHFC for LIHTCs that are obtained automatically with the use of tax-exempt bond financing on a project. To be eligible for these "non-competitive" credits, more than 50% of the project costs must be financed with bonds that are exempt from taxes under the IRS Code (tax-exempt bond issue). The bonds must be issued subject to Alaska's private activity bond volume cap. Additionally, the project must be considered eligible for LIHTCs under Alaska's Qualified Allocation Plan (Rating and Award Criteria), including the minimum threshold requirements and points criteria.

All requirements of the competitive tax credit program pertain to the non-competitive program, including all application, processing and monitoring fees and the requirements regarding feasibility and viability.

If the only GOAL funding requested is the non-competitive LIHTC, new construction proposals may not exceed the applicable Project Cost Standard by any more than 20%.

COMPLIANCE MONITORING FOR LIHTC, SCHDF, NHTF, AND HOME PROJECTS

The following Safe Harbor Provision will apply during AHFC's compliance monitoring process, excepting programmatic rules that may not be waived by AHFC from the funding sources themselves. If the underlying facts and circumstances in the past five years of

AHFC reviews have not resulted in non-compliance, those same underlying facts and circumstances will not be used in subsequent audits to issue a report of noncompliance.

The SCHDF, NHTF, and HOME program have separate monitoring requirements that are not required under IRS statutes to be incorporated into this allocation plan. The compliance requirements for these programs are detailed in the policy and procedures manual for the GOAL program and in a compliance manual available from AHFC.

For all properties that receive energy efficiency points (LIHTC, HOME, NHTF, SCHDF): Sponsors will be required to provide AHFC with audited or un-audited financial statements that document the financial performance of the property (calendar or fiscal year, as appropriate). Property with renewable energy systems such as solar photovoltaic will be required to document and demonstrate to their monitoring process for the system's performance.

Special Note on HOME Funded Projects:

- a) Proposals including 10 or more Federally HOME-Assisted units will be required to annual provide AHFC with financial statements for the property (audited or unaudited).
- b) All HOME and NHTF projects will be required to provide rents and the applicable utility allowance(s) to AHFC's compliance department. Project owners may charge up to the maximum HOME or NHTF rents for any of the HOME or NHTF units, based on the set-asides noted in the application. Any rents found in compliance with the HOME and NHTF program rent limits will be approved by AHFC. Please note: this approval does not imply any consent or liability for the business implications to the project owner from raising, lowering or keeping rents the same. These remain business decisions that must be made independently by the project owner.

COMPLIANCE MONITORING PLAN FOR LIHTC PROJECTS

The following Safe Harbor Provision will apply during AHFC's compliance monitoring process, excepting programmatic rules that may not be waived by AHFC from the funding sources themselves. If the underlying facts and circumstances in the past five years of

AHFC's reviews have not resulted in non-compliance, those same underlying facts and circumstances will not be used in subsequent audits to issue a report of noncompliance.

(A) **Monitoring Authority** - All projects -placed in service- since the 1986 enactment of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, are subject to monitoring for compliance with the rules and regulations of 26 U.S.C. Section 42.

(B) Compliance monitoring of all tax credit projects will be conducted by the AHFC Internal Audit Department, in accordance with the procedures outlined below. The Corporation's obligation to monitor for compliance with the requirements of Section 42 does not make the Corporation liable for an owner's noncompliance.

(C) The areas to be reviewed for compliance shall include, but are not limited to:

- i. Tenant income qualifications, calculations and appropriate supporting documentation.
- ii. Gross rent payments and any components of the gross rent figure (including utility allowances, optional and non-optional charges).
- iii. The project rental history of the fraction claimed for the property and compliance with habitability standards.
- iv. Affirmative marketing efforts
- v. Fair housing compliance
- vi. Occupancy rules contained in Section 42
- vii. Building code violation reports
- viii. Replacement Reserves
- ix. Vacancy rates
- x. Property management certification

(D) **Record Keeping** - The owner of a project receiving a credit allocation shall maintain project records (A - R, below) for six years past the due date (with extensions) for filing the federal income tax return for that year. **The records for the first year of the credit period must be retained for at least six years beyond the due date (with extensions) for filing the federal income tax return for the last year of the compliance period of the building.**

The records must include, but are not limited to, the following:

- i. The total number of residential rental units in the project (including the number of bedrooms and square footage of each residential rental unit);
- ii. The percentage of residential rental units in the building that are low-income units;
- iii. The rent charged on each unit in the project, including the utility allowance amount used and the method of calculation;
- iv. The project rental history of all units and information that shows when and to whom the next available units were rented;
- v. Annual income certifications for each low-income tenant and sufficient documentation to prove that annual income was calculated in a manner consistent with the requirements of Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937;
- vi. The character and use of the non-residential portion of the building(s) within the project (common areas, etc.) if included in eligible basis;
- vii. The number of occupants in each low-income unit;
- viii. The eligible basis and qualified basis of the building at the end of the first year of the credit period; and if in the following years the project has received additional federal funds reducing the eligible basis of the building(s);
- ix. Evidence that supports any of the project characteristics the Owner may have certified to, in his/her application for tax credits, to receive points in the ranking process;
- x. Evidence supporting that the project Affirmative Marketing efforts are on going and directed towards the appropriate tenant population;
- xi. Evidence supporting that the project complies with the Fair Housing Act and does not discriminate in the provision of housing;
- xii. Evidence that the project has in place procedures to ensure compliance with the occupancy rules regarding full time students under the LIHTC program; and
- xiii. Documentation detailing all building code violations and corrections noted within the prior 12-month period of time.
- xiv. Reserve Funds and any expenditures allowed under the reserve requirements.
- xv. Annual accounting of Property Tenant Unit Vacancies
- xvi. Optional and Non-optional Charges to tenants.
- xvii. Household demographic characteristics (HUD Form # 40097 or similar).

xviii. Other Documents and data as required.

(E) **Corporation Record Retention** - The Corporation must retain the records and certifications used to review the projects for compliance, for three years after the end of the calendar year in which it receives them. If non-compliance is found, records and certifications related to that specific compliance review must be retained for 6 years beyond the filing of the IRS Form 8823.

(F) **Monitoring Review Procedures** - Upon request from the Corporation, the owner of the subject project shall submit project information required by the Corporation, through AHFC's designated system, to complete a monitoring review. The required information is detailed in section (C), above. After receipt of the information described in section (C), the Corporation will review the documentation for compliance with 26 U.S.C. Section 42. The Corporation shall notify the owner within 15 working days of the completion of the review, as to the result of the initial review. If additional information is required by the Corporation to complete its review, the owner shall respond within 10 working days. A \$25 per day late fee may be assessed on owners who do not submit the requested compliance information within the deadlines established by the Corporation. Failure to respond will be considered non-compliance with program criteria and will be reported to the IRS.

(G) **Monitoring Review Schedule** – In the first year of the credit period, 100% of the tenant files and 20% of all units in the project will be reviewed during an on-site visit. Every third year there after, a minimum of 20% of all units in the project will be reviewed during an on-site visit. Annually, a compliance documentation review will take place. The following items will be submitted to the Internal Audit department for review:

- i. Owners Certificate of Compliance (HOME, NHTF, and / or LIHTC)
- ii. Unit History / Status Report
- iii. Rent Roll
- iv. Utility Allowances
 - a. Annual utility allowance update may be completed with the actual usage utilizing AHFC's "Utility Allowance Workbook" available on the AHFC website, submitting

the current Public Housing or USDA published allowances, or completing the HUD Utility Schedule Model for the building.

- v. Affirmative Marketing Plan
- vi. Building Violation Reports
- vii. LIHTC Allocation Certificates (IRS Forms 8586, 8609, and 8609A)
- viii. Student Household Statement
- ix. Household Characteristics Form (HUD Form 40097 or similar)
- x. Vacancy Summary
- xi. Optional and Non-optional tenant charges
- xii. Common area description
- xiii. Replacement Reserve Fund

AHFC reserves the right to visit any project on an annual basis if the prior year's performance was determined to be less than satisfactory.

(H) Inspections - The Corporation has the right to perform audits which may include site inspections on any tax credit project during the full term of the agreed-upon extended use period or thirty (30) years, whichever is greater. The extended-use period is established in an agreement, which is recorded as a restrictive covenant when the project is placed in service. The focus of the inspection(s) will include, but not be limited to, those items referred to in (a)(1)(C) and (b)(1)(A-R), above.

- i. For New Buildings – physical inspections will be conducted, in accordance with UPCS protocol, on at least 20% of the property's LIHTC-eligible units, all building exteriors, building systems, the property site and common areas.
- ii. For Existing Buildings – physical inspections will be conducted on at least 20% of the property's LIHTC-eligible units every three years, all building exteriors, building systems, the property site and common areas.

(I) Required Certifications - In addition to the required information referred to in subsection (D) above, owners of tax credit projects shall submit annual certifications attesting to compliance with the requirements of Section 42, under penalty of perjury. The owner shall also certify that the residents of the low-income facilities were

informed of the Corporation's right and intent to review tenant income certifications for compliance with Section 42 and the procedures of this section.

- (J) **Calculating Family Income** - All families living in the designated low-income units of a building receiving tax credits must be income qualified. Owners of tax credit projects shall use the guidelines established by the Internal Revenue Service for projecting annual family income.

- (K) **Notification of Non-Compliance** - If the Corporation does not receive the required certifications, is denied access to income certification forms, support documents, or rent records for any tenant family or unit, or finds general non-compliance with the requirements of Section 42, the owner will be immediately notified of the violation, in writing, and the time period for correcting it.

- (L) **Correction Periods** - An owner shall have thirty (30) days from the date of the notice of non-compliance to correct the finding, except in the case of a missed certification where the cure period is 10 working days. For non-compliance found regarding health and safety issues, an Owner shall have no more than 24 hours from the hour of finding to correct the deficiency.

- (M) **IRS Notification** - The Corporation will notify the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) of a finding of non-compliance within 45 days of the end of the correction period, regardless if the finding was corrected. The Corporation will also notify the IRS of instances of non-compliance that it becomes aware of that may have occurred prior to January 1, 1992.

- (N) **Monitoring Fees** - An annual fee will be charged to all LIHTC, NHTF, and HOME projects for compliance monitoring. The monitoring fee shall be established by the Corporation and reviewed on a yearly basis to ensure it adequately covers the administrative cost of monitoring.

Please note: The compliance monitoring fee for HOME units will only apply to low-income units in HOME projects funded after the May 14, 2014. No compliance

monitoring fee will be charged or assessed for HOME units funded prior to April 14, 2014.

- i. The monitoring fee will be the greater of \$50 per tax credit, NHTF, or HOME unit per project or a minimum of \$250. Per unit LIHTC, NHTF, or HOME fee of \$50 applies to on-site reviews which include a physical inspection. The maximum compliance monitoring fee for each project will be \$3,500 per project. Please note: No LIHTC, NHTF, or HOME compliance monitoring fee will be assessed for manager's units which are not income restricted; however, in cases where a manager's unit will be income restricted, a compliance monitoring fee will be assessed. For LIHTC program developments, on-site reviews are required every 3rd year. Reviews may occur more often at AHFC's discretion due to poor compliance performance found at the development. During off-site administrative documentation reviews (desk reviews), the monitoring fee will be 50% of the on-site review fee. For projects that continue to exhibit poor performance, AHFC reserves the right to charge the actual cost to AHFC for conducting an annual audit for compliance.
- ii. The monitoring fee for the first year of the credit period shall be payable upon issuance of the IRS Form 8609. For the following years, the monitoring fee shall be payable by the anniversary of the placed-in-service date for the project, or as requested in the compliance review "Notice Letter" issued by AHFC's Internal Audit department.
- iii. Failure to pay monitoring fees when due will constitute a violation of the terms of the extended-use agreement under which a credit allocation is made. The project owners will be barred from receiving any future credit reservation and the Corporation will reserve the right to pursue legal action and/or the recapture of the credit allocation to the fullest extent permissible by state and federal law.
- iv. Monitoring Office Contact - All information specified under this section shall be submitted to:

Alaska Housing Finance Corporation
P.O. Box 101020
Anchorage, Alaska 99510
Attn: Internal Audit Department